
Photoproduction of $\gamma p \rightarrow p \pi^0 \eta$ and
 $\gamma p \rightarrow p \eta \eta$ at ELSA in Bonn

NStar 2002
Pittsburgh, USA

Volker Credé

- Introduction
- The excitation spectrum of Δ resonances
- The Crystal Barrel Experiment at ELSA in Bonn
 - Experimental setup
 - Measurement and study of $\gamma p \rightarrow p \pi^0 \eta$
 - Acceptance corrections and measurement of $\gamma p \rightarrow p \pi^0$
- The CB-TAPS configuration and first results
- Summary and outlook

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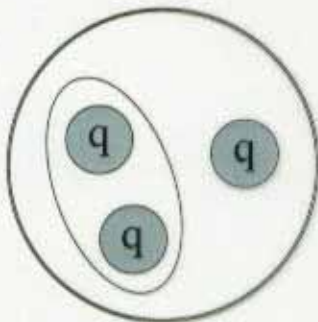
General Physical Motivation

⇒ Search for missing resonances

Quark Model: more baryons predicted
than observed

Possible solutions:

a) Baryons have a quark-diquark structure:



one of the internal degrees of
freedom is frozen

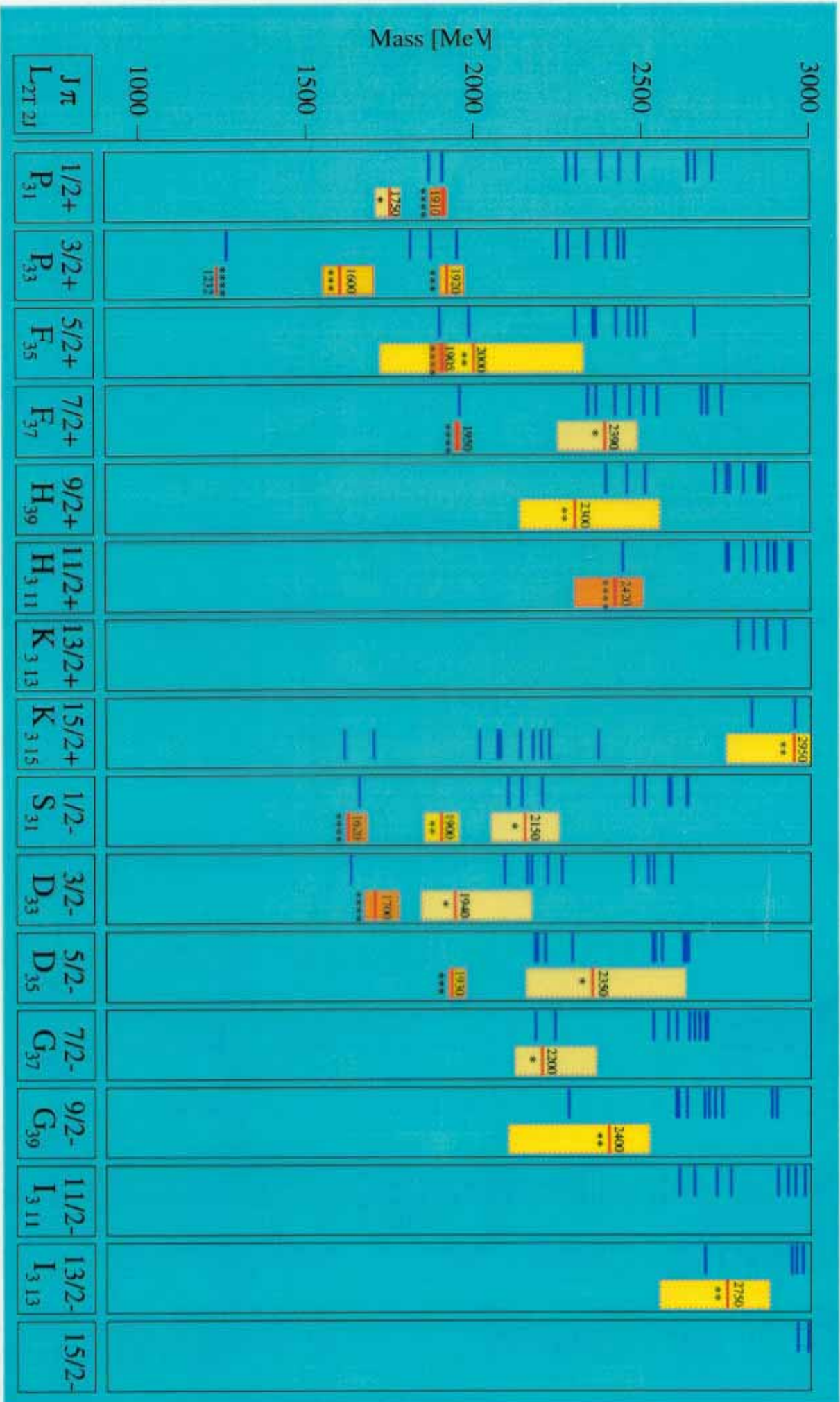
b) They have not been observed up to now

Nearly all existing data result from πN -scattering
experiments

⇒ If the missing resonances do not couple to $N\pi$,
they would not have been discovered!!
(supported by theory)

Δ -resonances

— U. Löring, B.Ch. Metsch and H.R. Petry, Eur. Phys. J. A 10, 395-446 (2001)



K_α line of nucleon:

N(1535)S₁₁ or N(1650)S₁₁ ?

Negative parity baryons and η decays:

$s = \frac{3}{2}$	N(1650)S ₁₁	N(1700)D ₁₃	N(1675)D ₁₅
$s = \frac{1}{2}$	N(1535)S ₁₁	N(1520)D ₁₃	

↔ Nη

↔ π⁰π⁰p (π⁰π⁻n)

$s = \frac{3}{2}$	Λ(1800)S ₀₁	Λ(????)D ₀₃	Λ(1830)D ₀₅
$s = \frac{1}{2}$	Λ(1670)S ₀₁	Λ(1690)D ₀₃	

↔ Λη

↔ π⁰π⁰Λ

$s = \frac{3}{2}$	Σ(1750)S ₀₁	Σ(????)D ₀₃	Σ(1775)D ₀₅
$s = \frac{1}{2}$	Σ(1620)S ₀₁	Σ(1670)D ₀₃	

↔ Ση

↔ π⁰π⁰Σ⁰

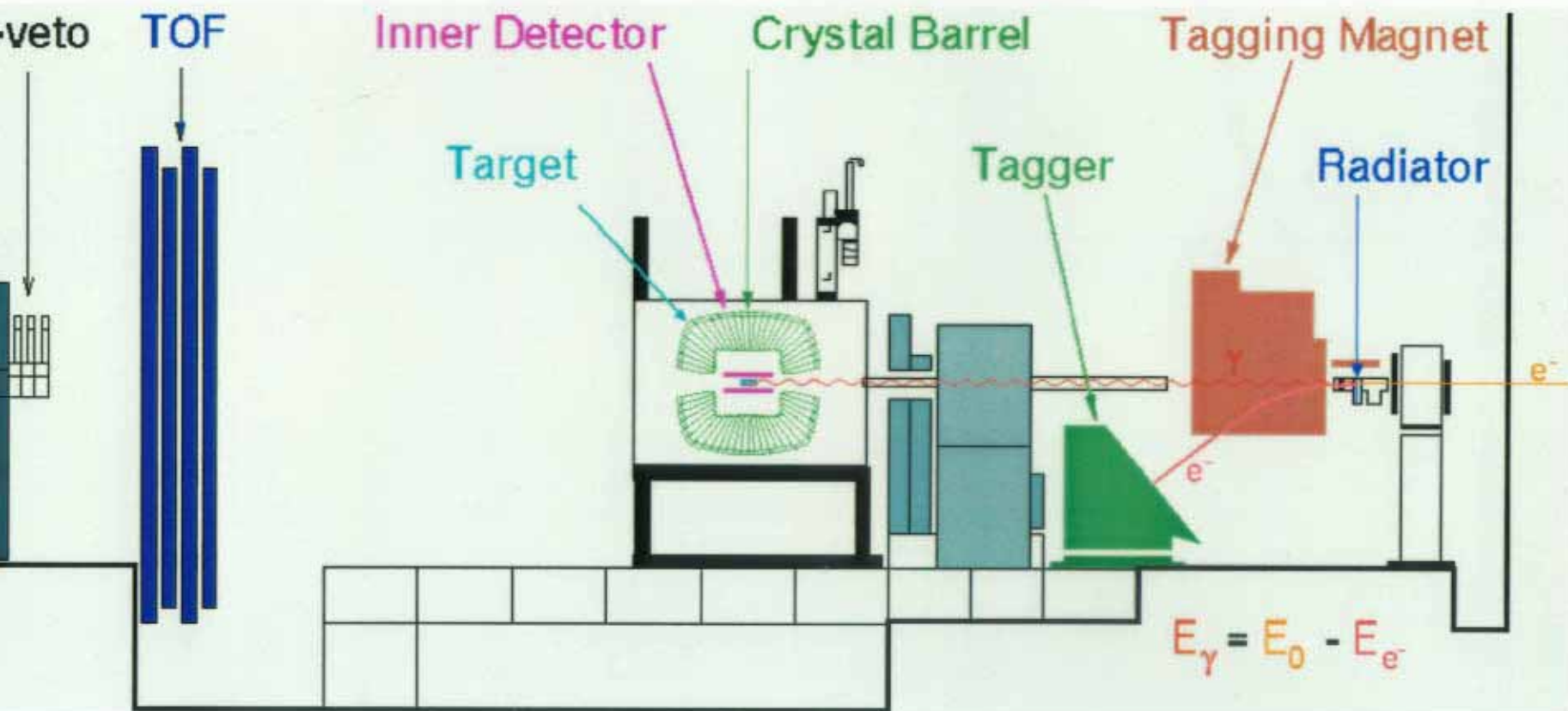
- Octets Λ* and Σ* upgrades of N* by 150 MeV
⇒ Baryons favor SU(3)_{flavor}
- Spin flip required from states with $s = \frac{3}{2}$
⇒ decay suppressed

$s = \frac{3}{2}$	Δ(1900)S ₃₁	Δ(1940)D ₃₃	Δ(1930)D ₃₅
$s = \frac{1}{2}$	Δ(1620)S ₃₁	Δ(1700)D ₃₃	

↔ Δη ?

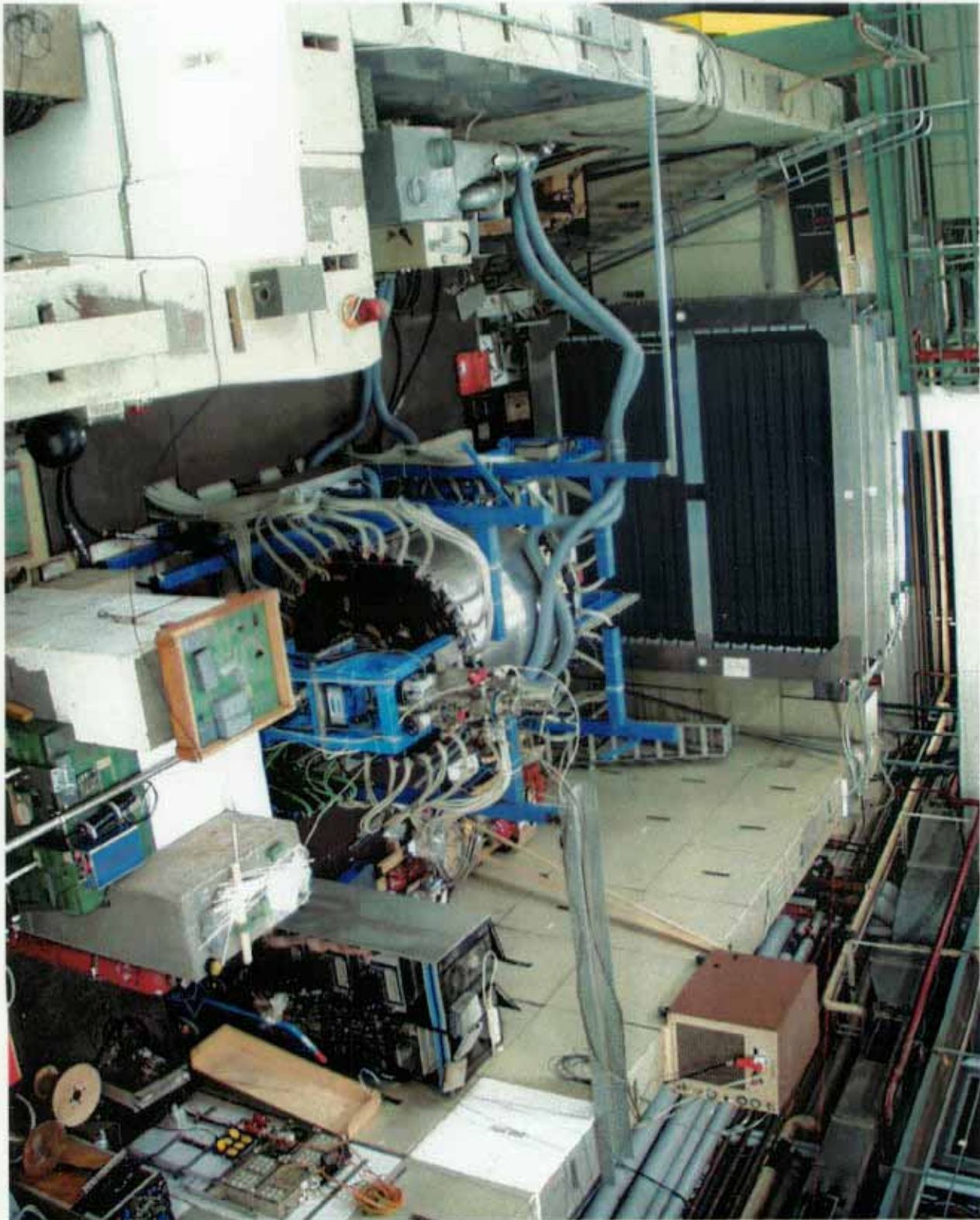
↔ π⁰π⁰Δ ?

The Crystal Barrel experiment at the electron accelerator ELSA



	Crystal Barrel	Photon tagging system:	electron beam
LH ₂ target	1380 CsI crystals	$0.31 E_0 < E_\gamma < 0.94 E_0$	from ELSA
	98% 4 π coverage	total flux: $2 \cdot 10^6/s$	$E_0 \leq 3.2 \text{ GeV}$

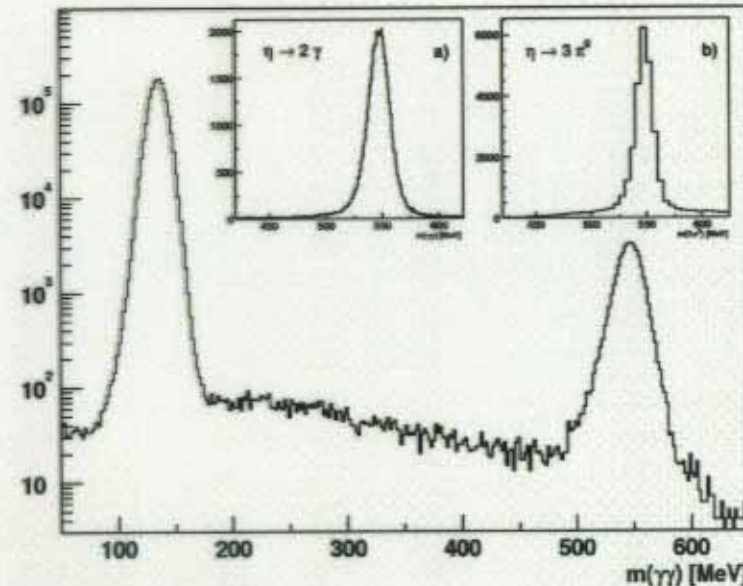
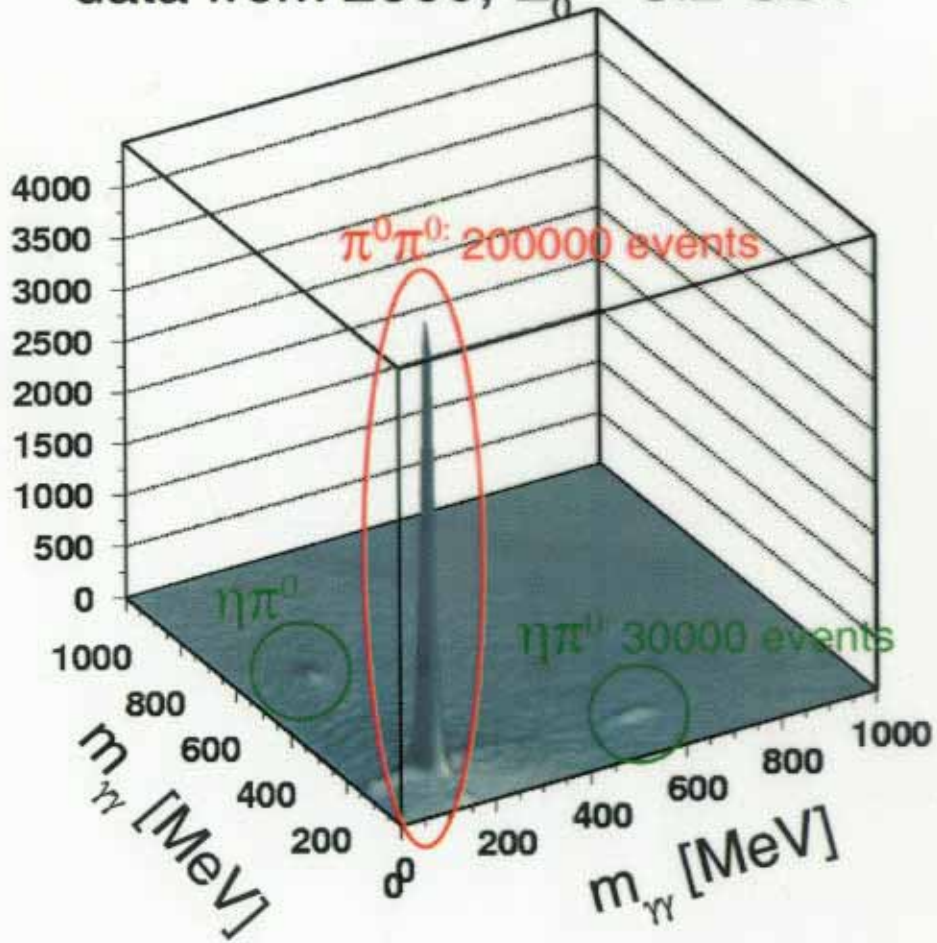
The Crystal Barrel Experiment



CB detects multiphoton final states

data from 2000, $E_0 = 3.2$ GeV

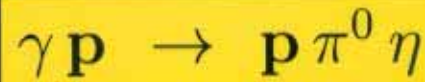
Energy resolution



$\sigma(\pi^0) = 8.5$ MeV

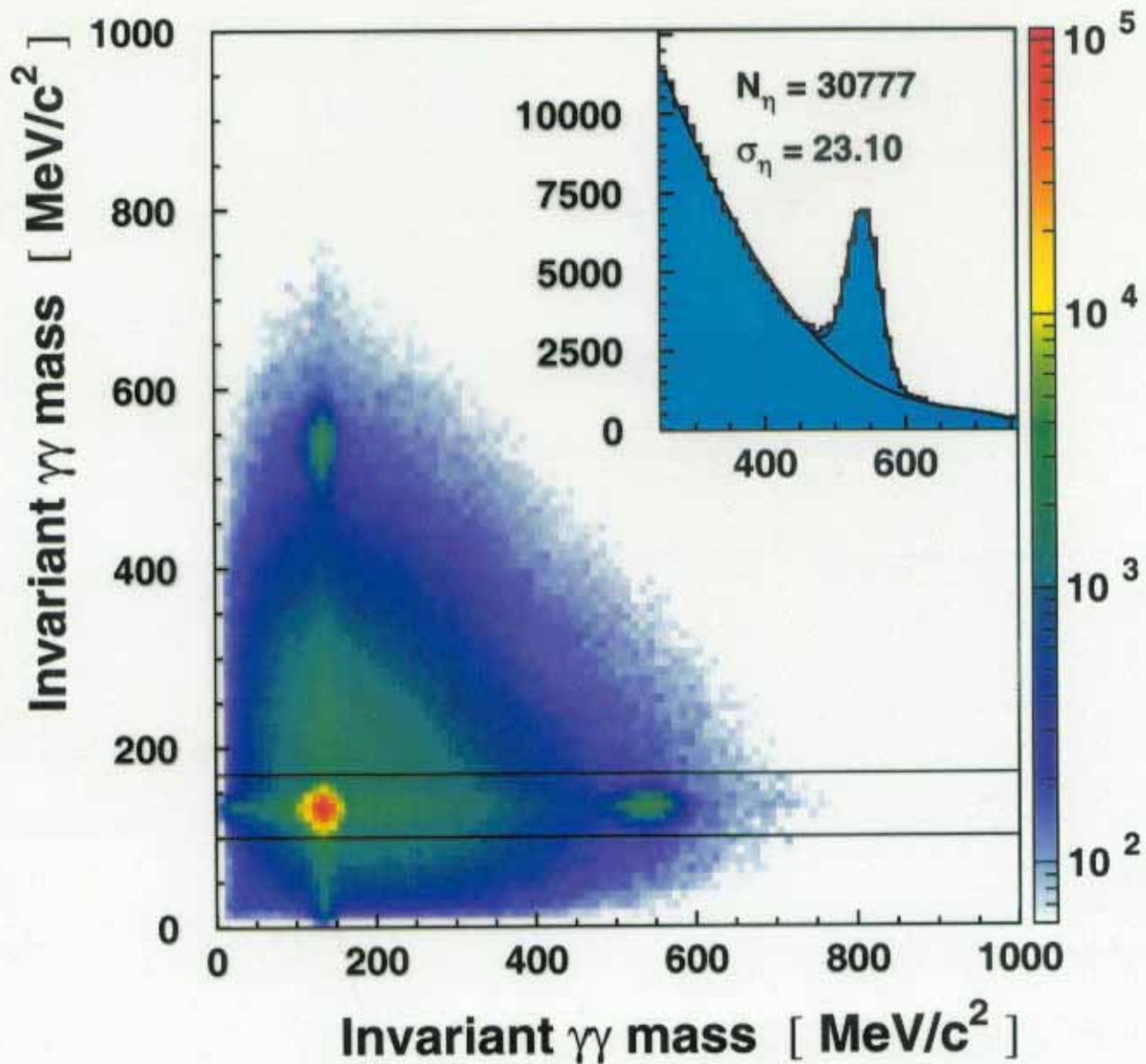
$\sigma(\eta) = 12$ MeV

η also reconstructed from 6 γ ($\eta \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0$)

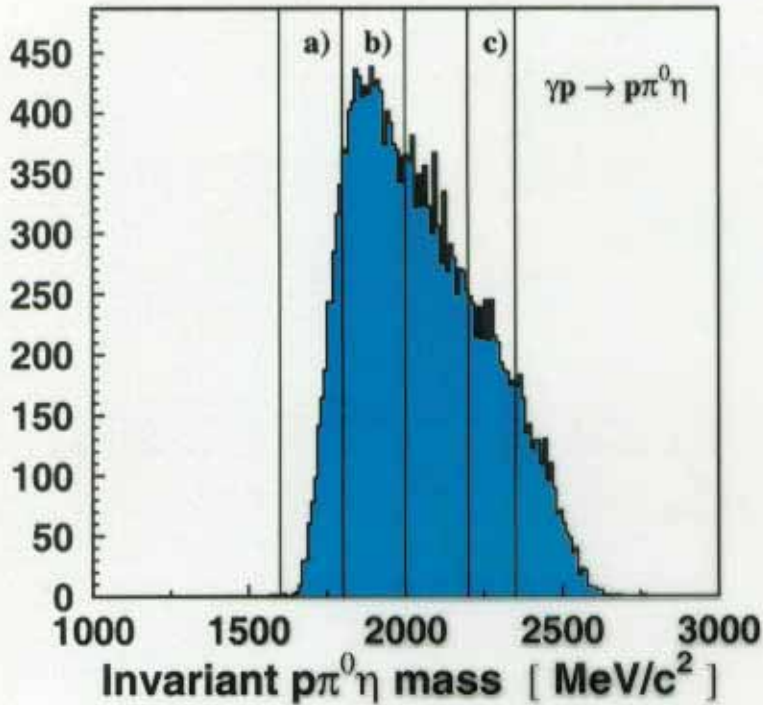


Data comprises full statistics of 3.2 GeV data:

- $\approx 200\,000$ events of $\gamma p \rightarrow p \pi^0 \pi^0$
- $\approx 50\,000$ events of $\gamma p \rightarrow p \pi^0 \eta$



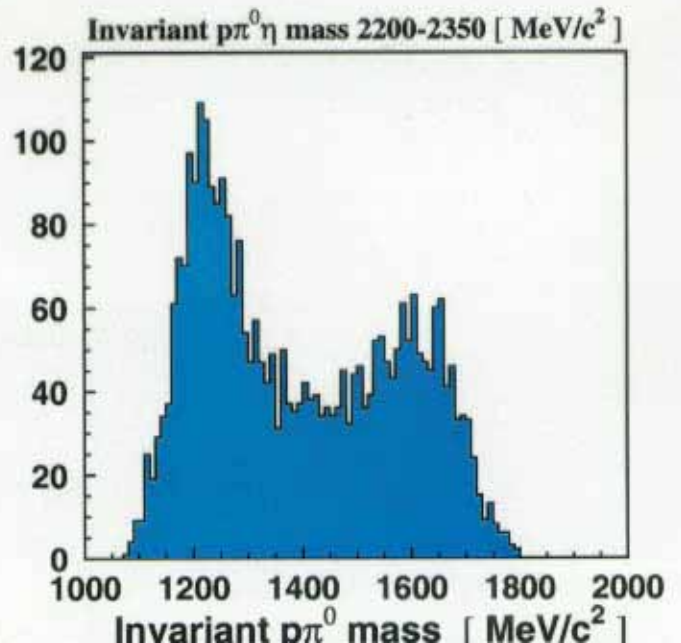
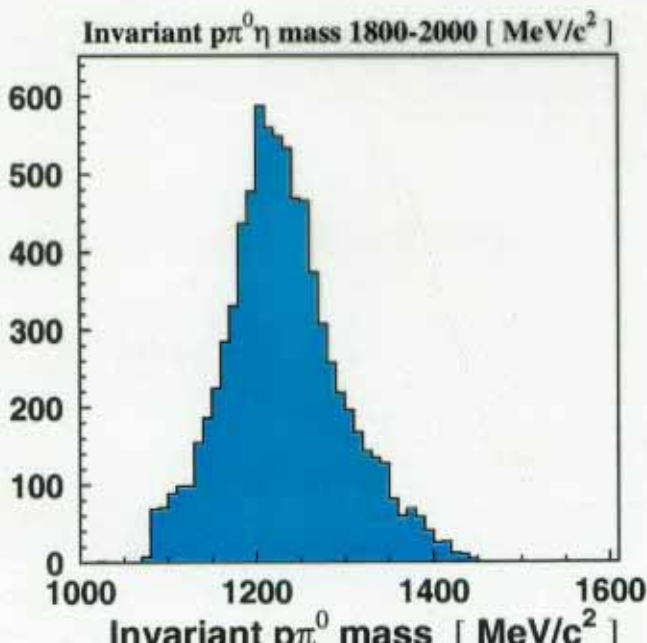
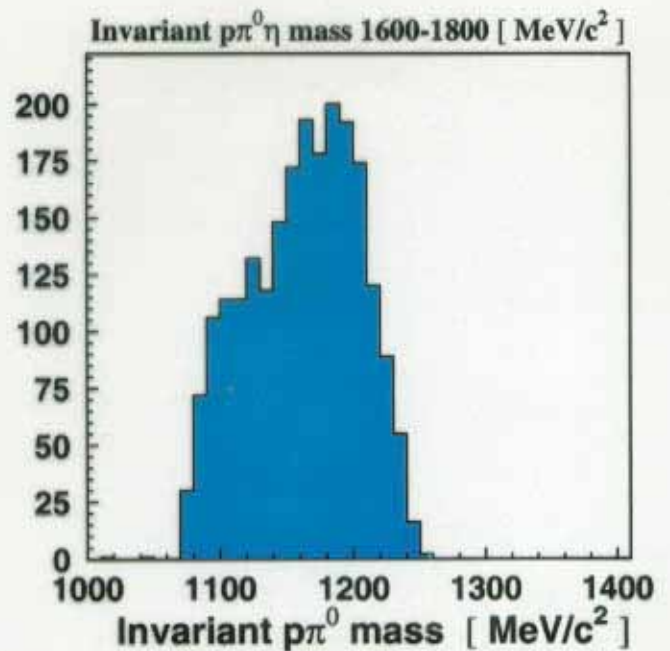
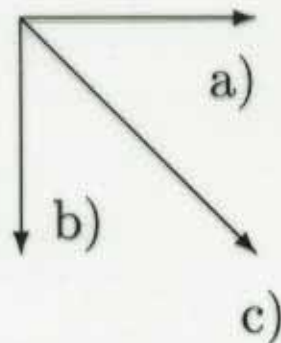
Clear evidence for $\gamma p \rightarrow p \pi^0 \eta$



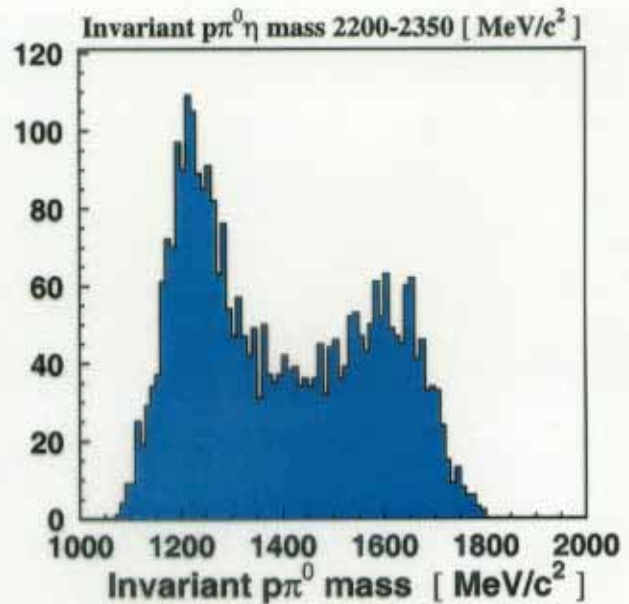
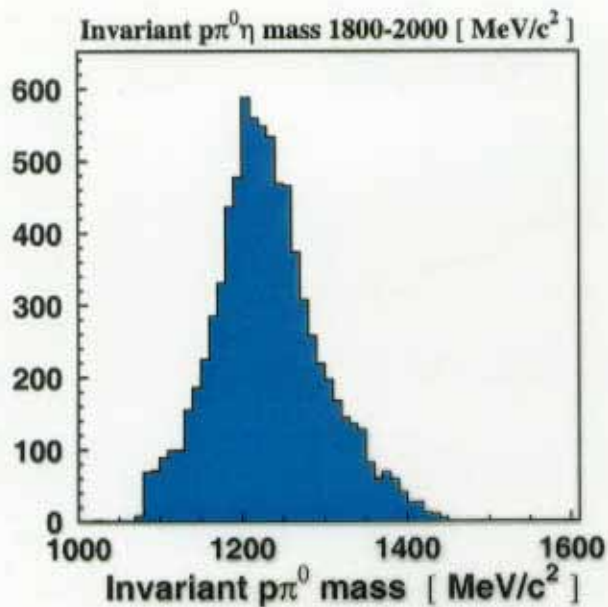
Very preliminary results!!

Indications for

$\Delta(1940)D_{33} \rightarrow \Delta \eta ?$

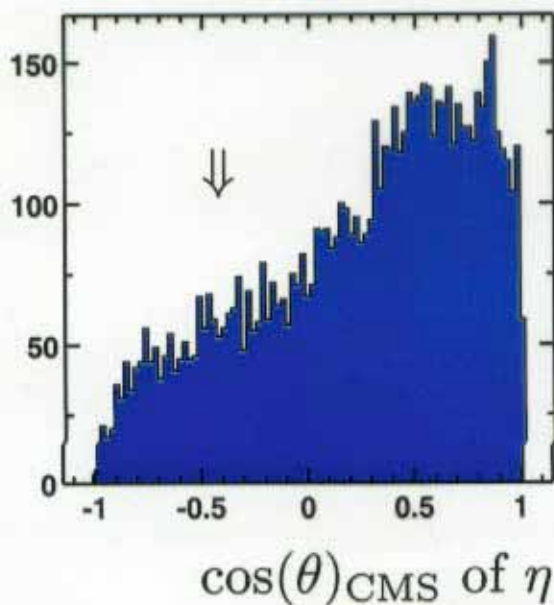


Identification of highly-excited states

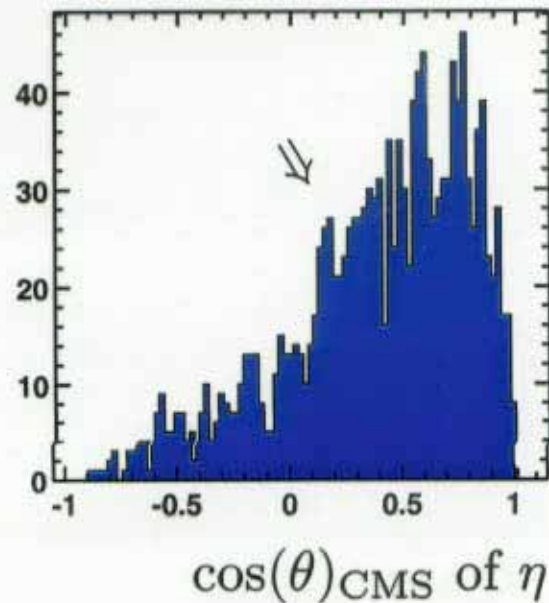


⇓ Cut on the $\Delta(1232)$ ⇓

resonance production

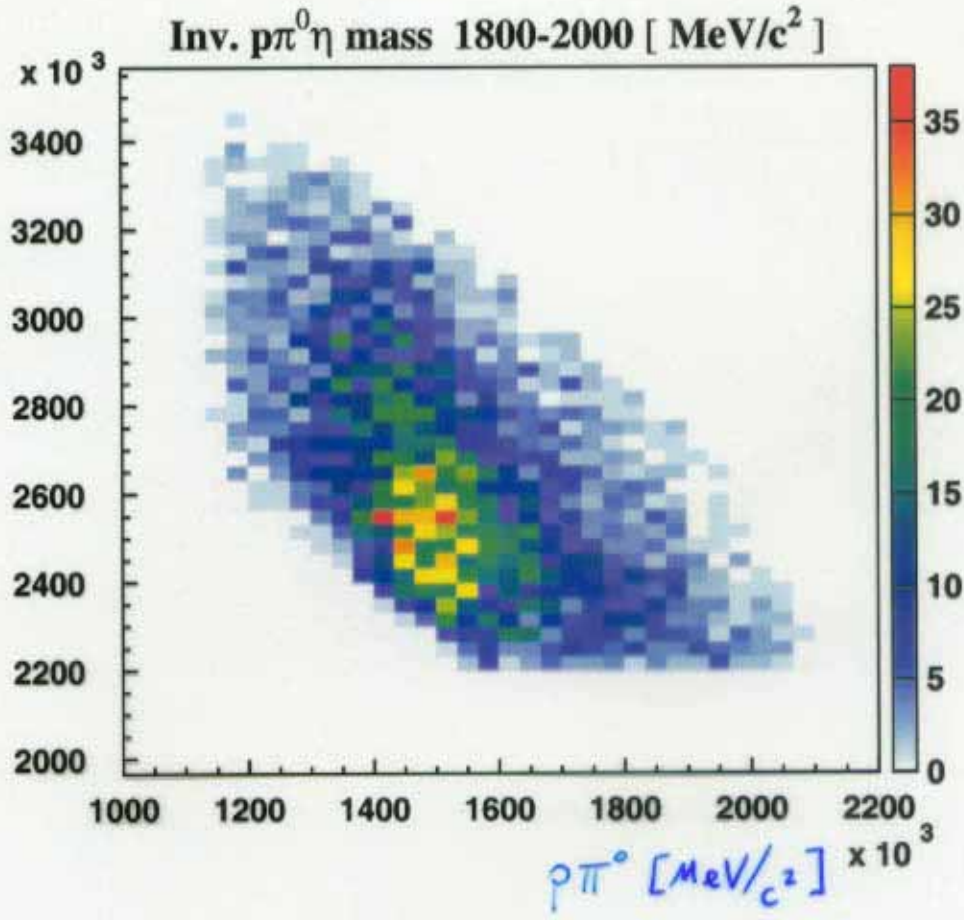


mainly diffractive production

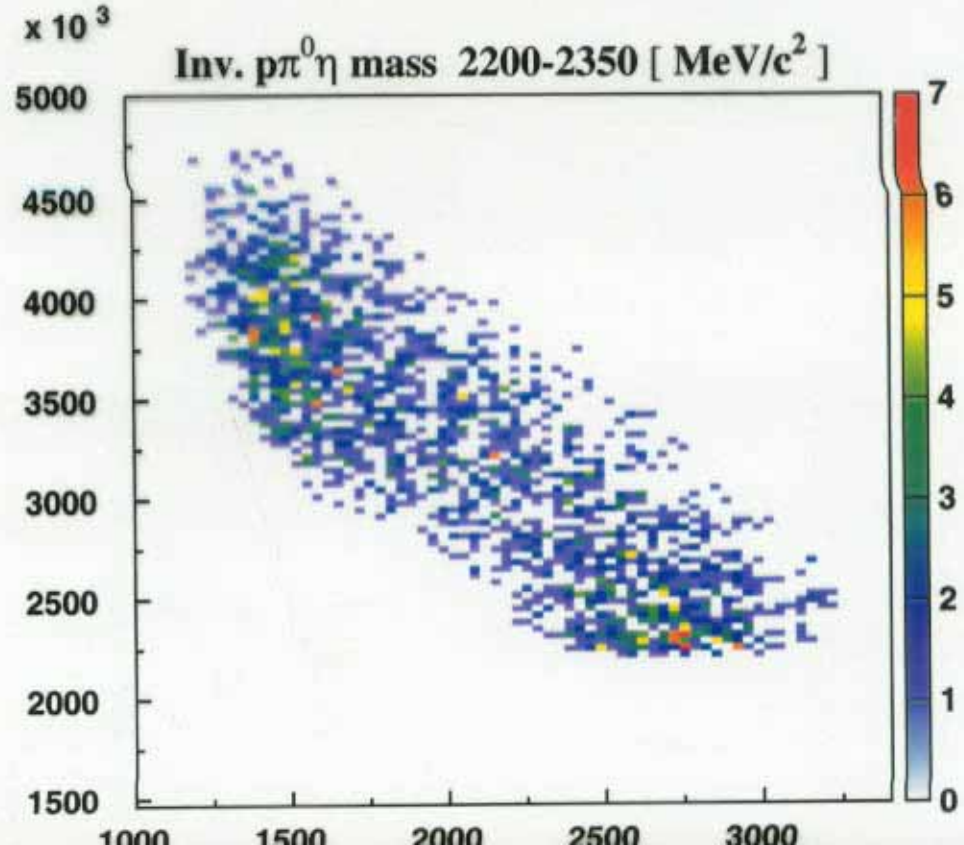




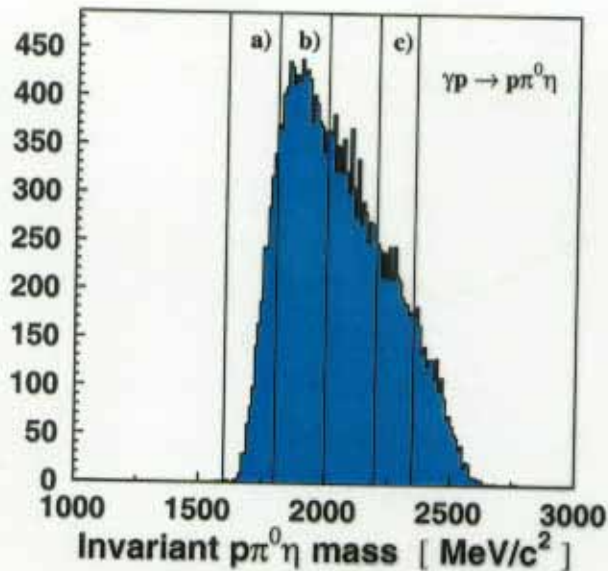
$p\eta$



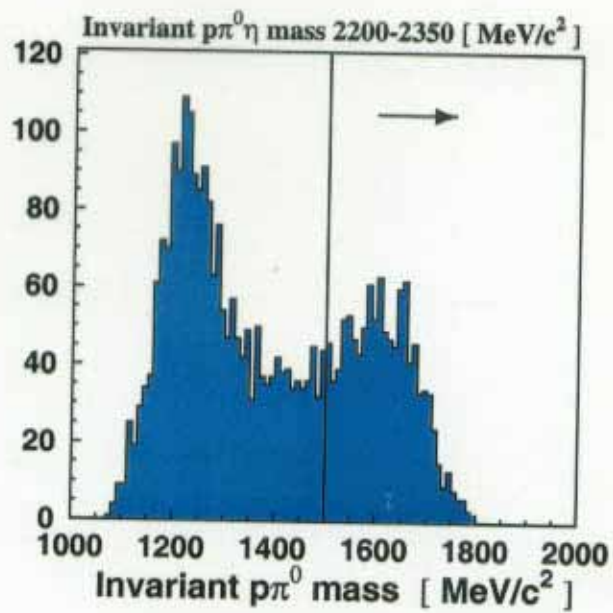
$p\eta$



Identification of highly-excited states



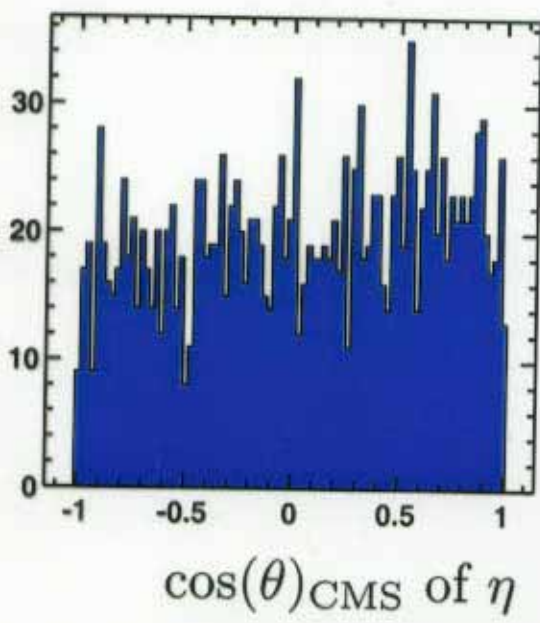
$p\pi^0$ invariant mass of (c)



Cut on structure
 $> 1500 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

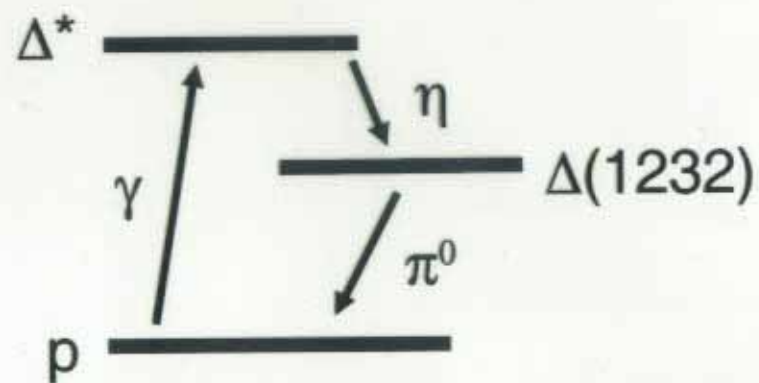
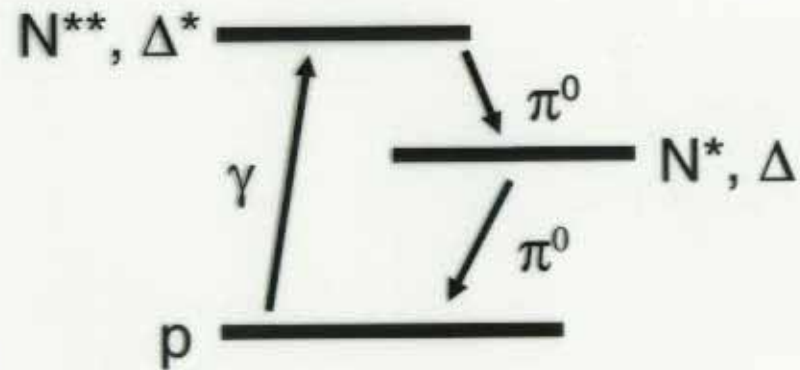


resonance production



Multiphoton final states

Advantages: suppress non-resonant production
look for subsequent decays



Emission of isoscalar η and cut on $\Delta(1232)$: \Rightarrow 1st resonances Δ^* only

Effective chiral restoration of highly-excited baryons I

QCD: approximate $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R$ symmetry



spontaneously broken

parity doublets of highly-excited baryons



restoration of chiral symmetry in the limit of large excitation energies

(L.Ya. Glozman, Phys. Lett. **B475** (2000) 329)

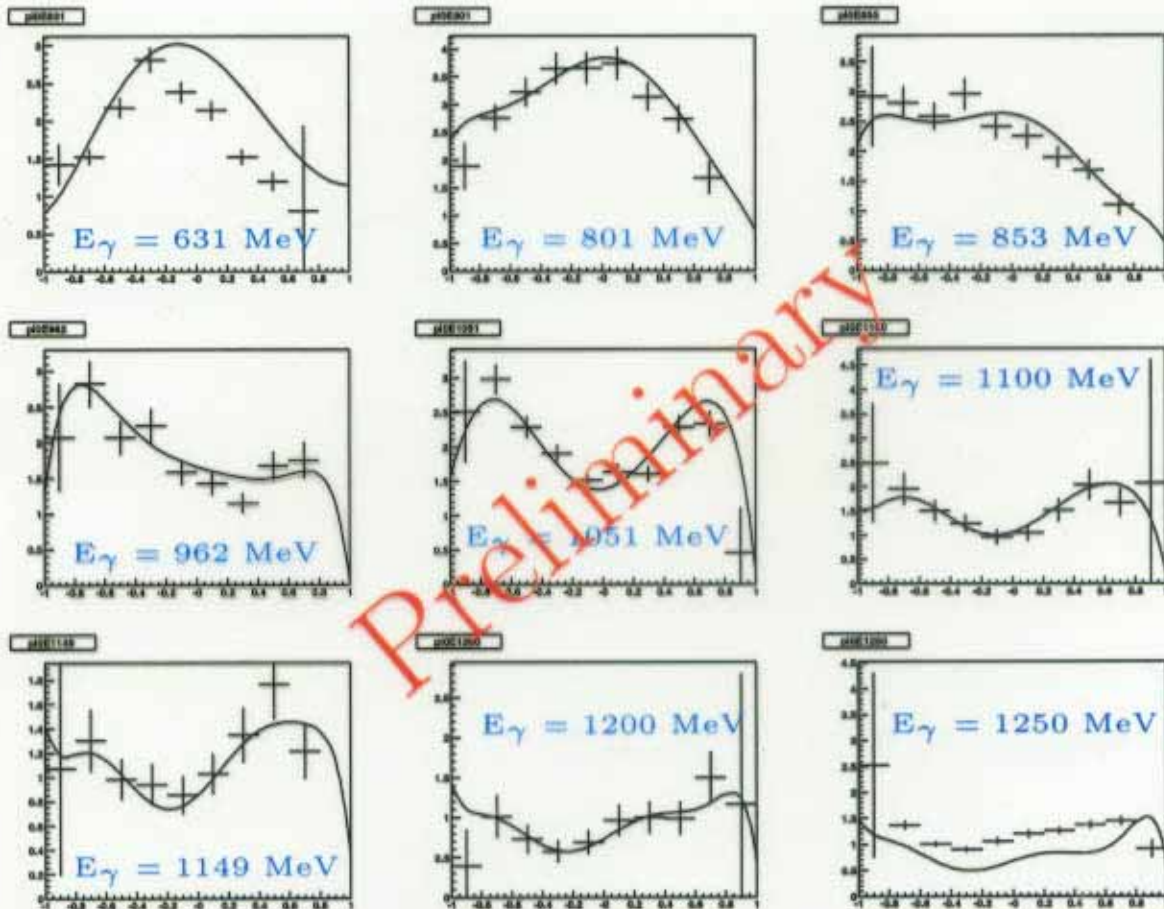
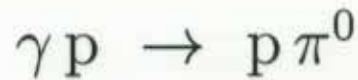
- (i) $(\frac{1}{2}, 0) \oplus (0, \frac{1}{2}) \rightarrow$ parity doublets for N spectrum
- (ii) $(\frac{3}{2}, 0) \oplus (0, \frac{3}{2}) \rightarrow$ parity doublets for Δ spectrum
- (iii) $(\frac{1}{2}, 1) \oplus (1, \frac{1}{2})$
 \rightarrow one parity doublet in N spectrum and one in Δ spectrum of same spin that are degenerate in mass

\Rightarrow spectroscopic data for nonstrange baryons in the ≈ 2 GeV range is consistent with all possibilities

\Rightarrow **However:** approximate degeneracy of parity doublets in N and Δ spectrum support (iii)

$J = \frac{1}{2}$	$N_{\frac{1}{2}+} (2100)(*)$ $\Delta_{\frac{1}{2}+} (1910)$	$N_{\frac{1}{2}-} (2090)(*)$ $\Delta_{\frac{1}{2}-} (1900)$
$J = \frac{3}{2}$	$N_{\frac{3}{2}+} (1900)$ $\Delta_{\frac{3}{2}+} (1920)$	$N_{\frac{3}{2}-} (2080)$ $\Delta_{\frac{3}{2}-} (1940)(*)$
$J = \frac{5}{2}$	$N_{\frac{5}{2}+} (2000)$ $\Delta_{\frac{5}{2}+} (1905)$	$N_{\frac{5}{2}-} (2200)$ $\Delta_{\frac{5}{2}-} (1930)$
$J = \frac{7}{2}$	$N_{\frac{7}{2}+} (1990)$ $\Delta_{\frac{7}{2}+} (1950)$	$N_{\frac{7}{2}-} (2190)$ $\Delta_{\frac{7}{2}-} (2200)(*)$
$J = \frac{9}{2}$	$N_{\frac{9}{2}+} (2220)$ $\Delta_{\frac{9}{2}+} (2300)$	$N_{\frac{9}{2}-} (2250)$ $\Delta_{\frac{9}{2}-} (2400)$
$J = \frac{11}{2}$? $\Delta_{\frac{11}{2}+} (2420)$	$N_{\frac{11}{2}-} (2600)$?
$J = \frac{13}{2}$	$N_{\frac{13}{2}+} (2700)$?	? $\Delta_{\frac{13}{2}-} (2750)$
$J = \frac{15}{2}$? $\Delta_{\frac{15}{2}+} (2950)$? ?

Acceptance studies



black line: SAID predictions

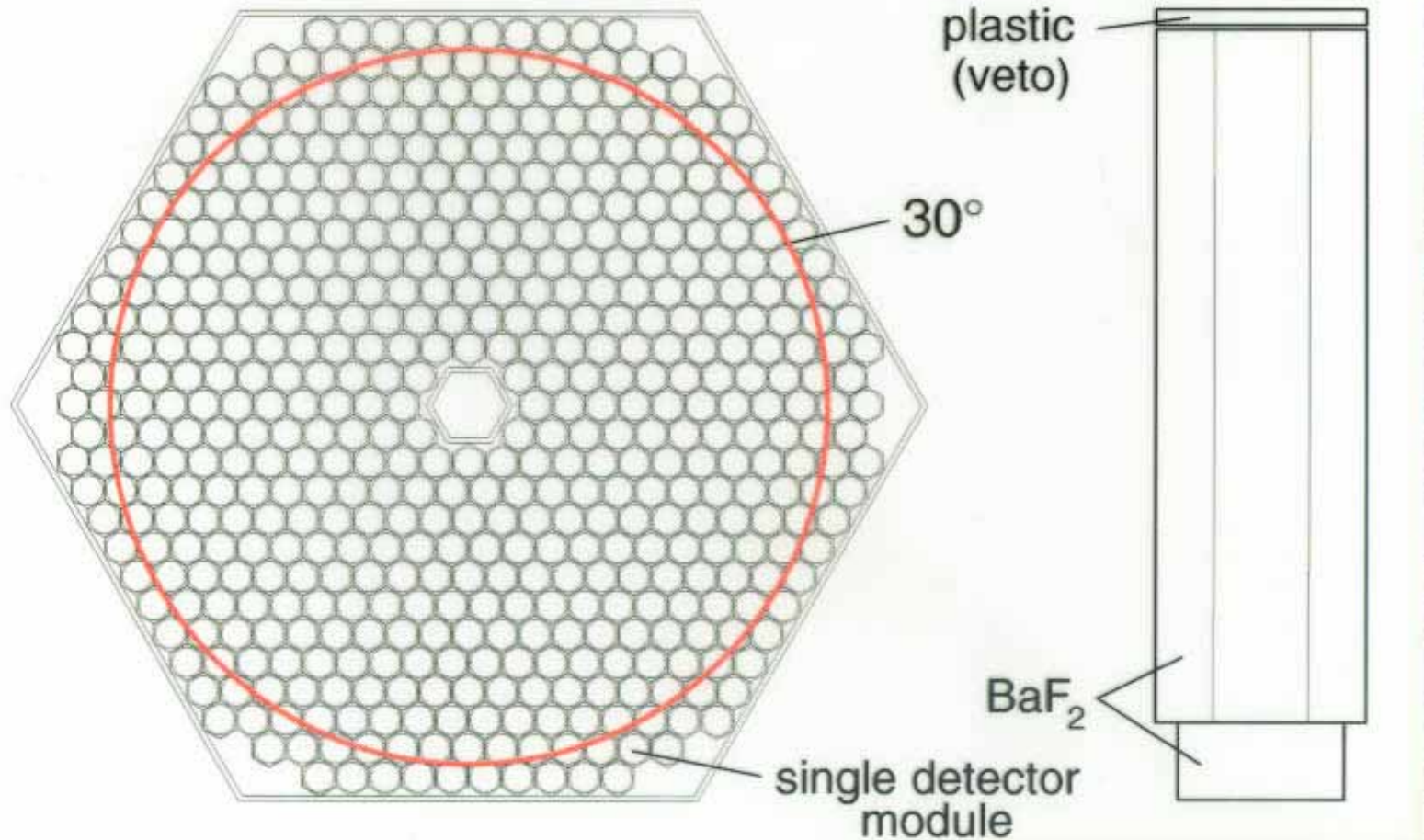
- Distributions normalised to SAID
- Angular distributions from CB-ELSA in the energy range $E_\gamma = 800 - 1200$ MeV are well reproduced by the SAID predictions

⇒ Differential cross sections in preparation

The Crystal Barrel and TAPS

CB ELSA Collaboration

TAPS forward wall with 522 modules



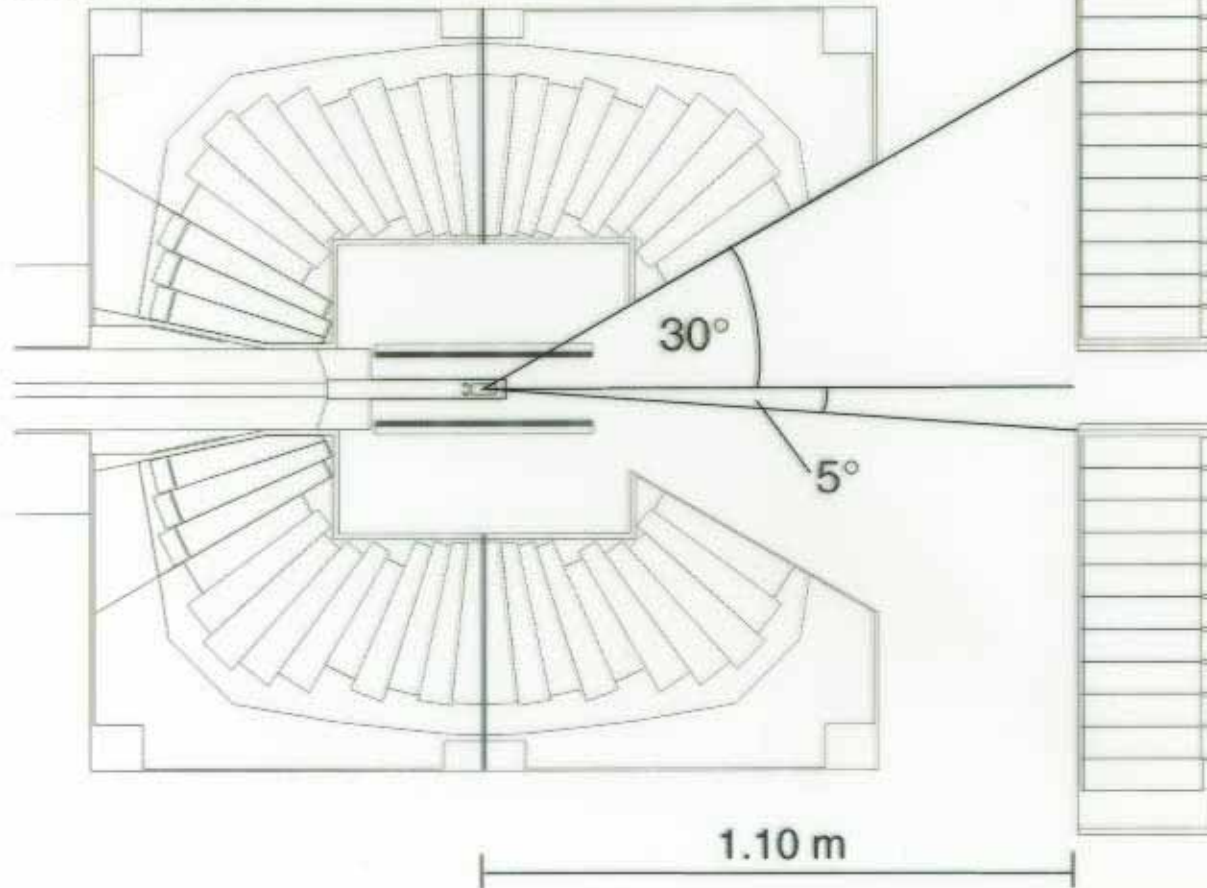
TAPS

The Crystal Barrel and TAPS

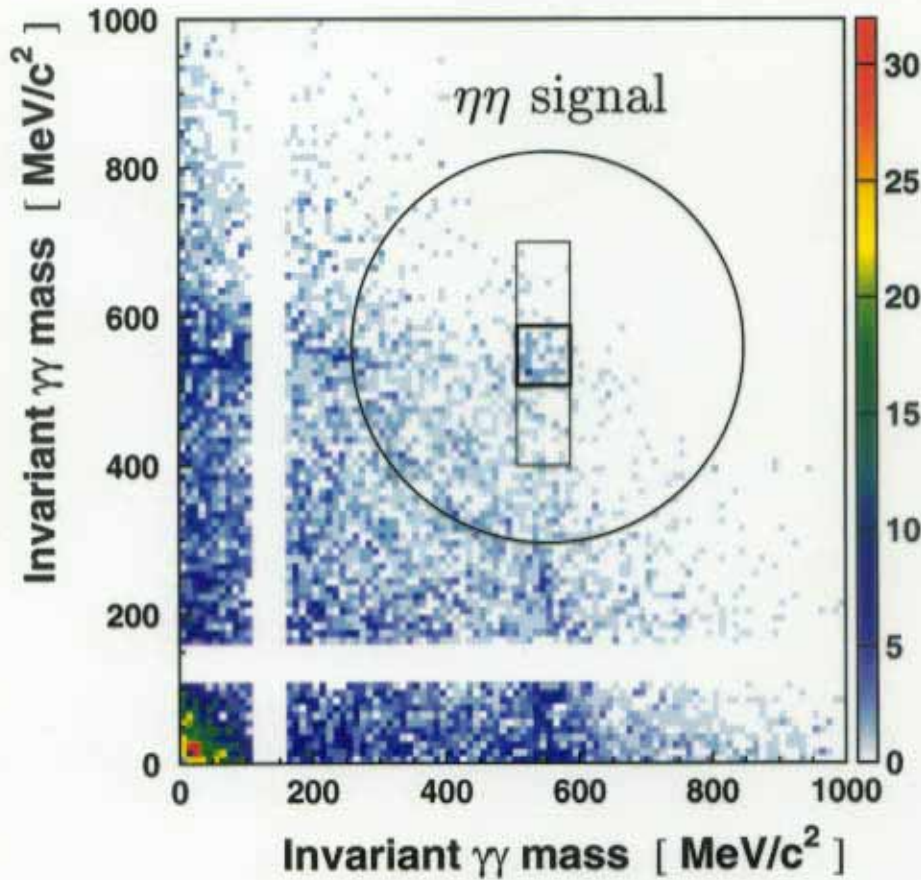
CB ELSA Collaboration

Crystal Barrel

TAPS FW



TAPS

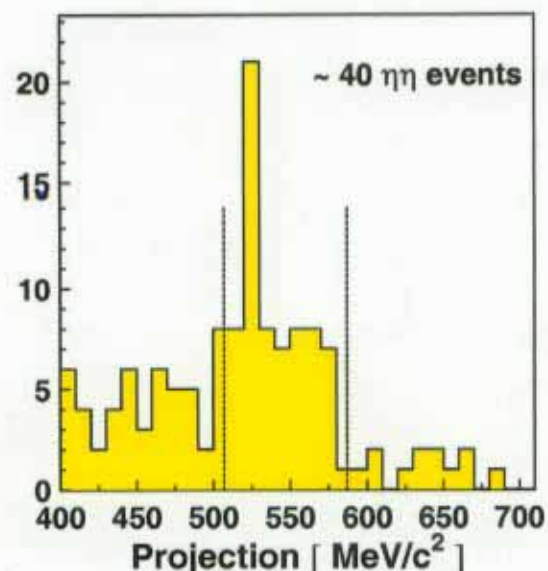


10 days of beam time \searrow

From September 2002

- higher beam intensity
- faster DAQ

\Rightarrow 8 \times faster data rate



Summary and outlook

Good quality of data in various channels.



Nucleon-resonance structures already visible

Missing resonances?

Hints for resonance production of $\Delta(1900)$

Further investigation of nucleon excitation spectrum!

- Improvement of reconstruction
- Determination of cross sections
 - $\gamma p \rightarrow p \pi^0$ and $\gamma p \rightarrow p \eta$
 - $\gamma p \rightarrow p \pi^0 \pi^0$ and $\gamma p \rightarrow p \pi^0 \eta$
- Partial wave analyses (PWA)